

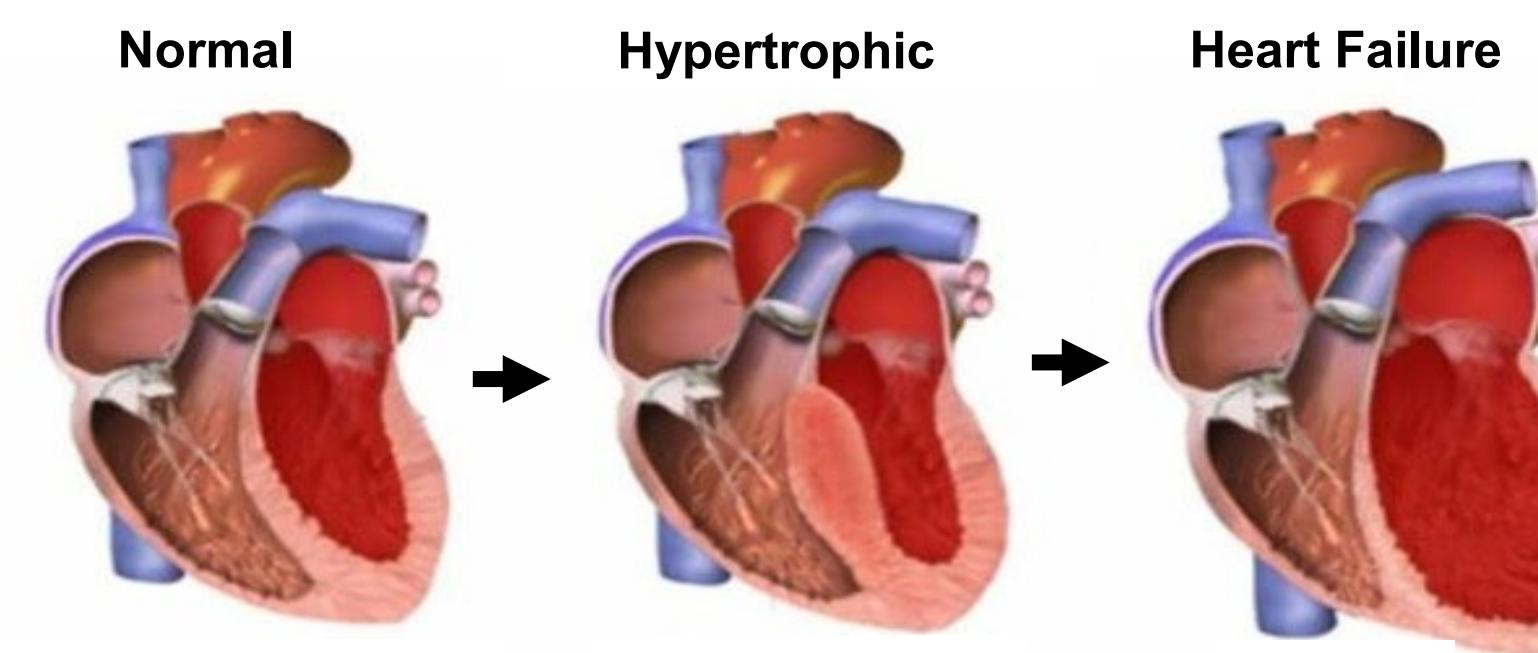
# Upregulation of Store Operated $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ Entry pathologically impairs *Drosophila* cardiac function

Courtney E. Petersen<sup>1</sup>, Jeremy T. Smyth<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Graduate Program in Molecular & Cellular Biology and <sup>2</sup>Department of Anatomy, Physiology, and Genetics, Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences

## SIGNIFICANCE

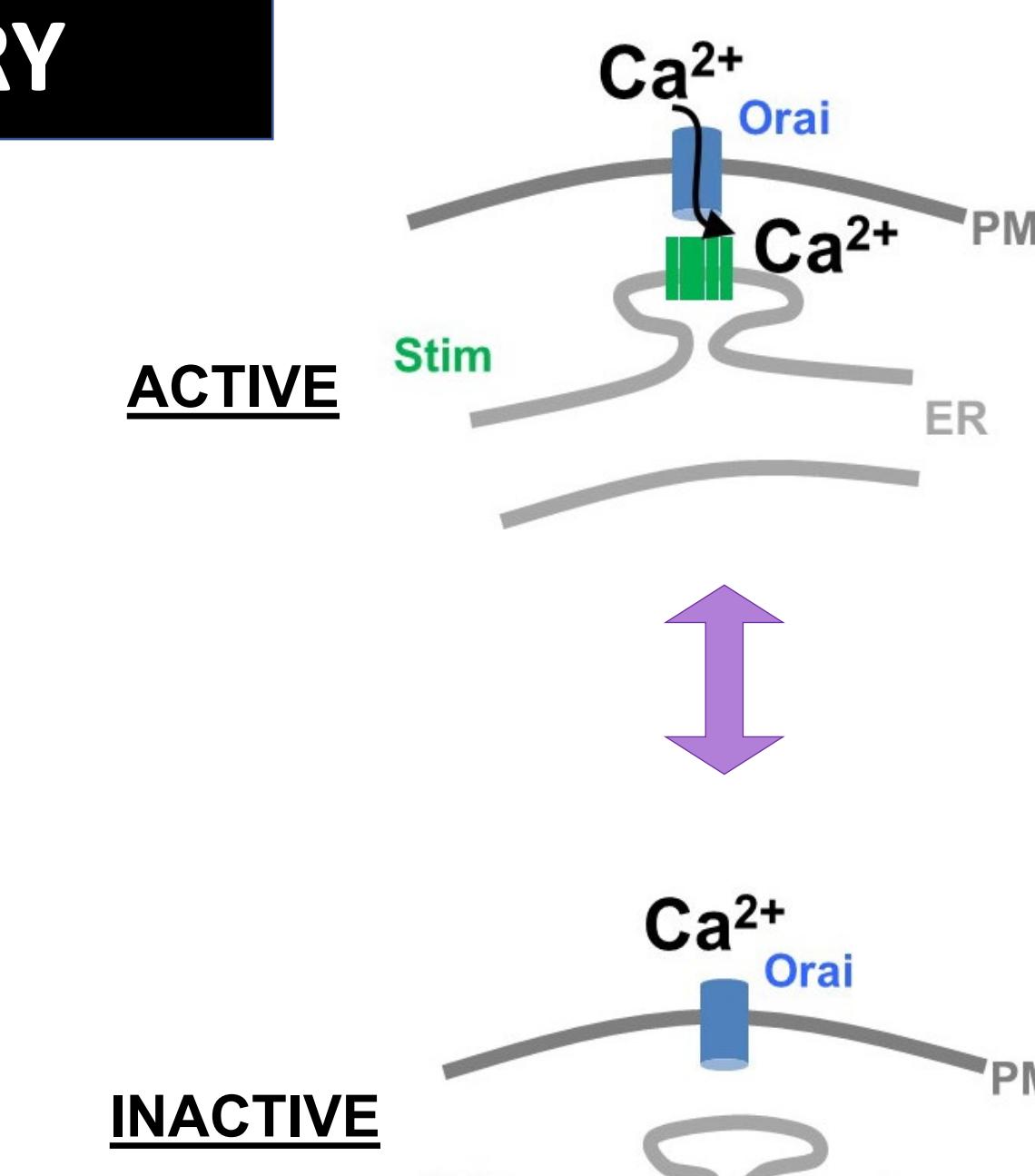
- Heart failure continues to be a leading cause of death in the western world
- Pathological cardiac hypertrophy (PCH) is a major risk factor for heart failure
  - PCH involves increases in heart muscle mass that impair cardiac function



- Upregulation of Store Operated  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  Entry (SOCE) has been shown to induce pathological cardiac hypertrophy & heart failure

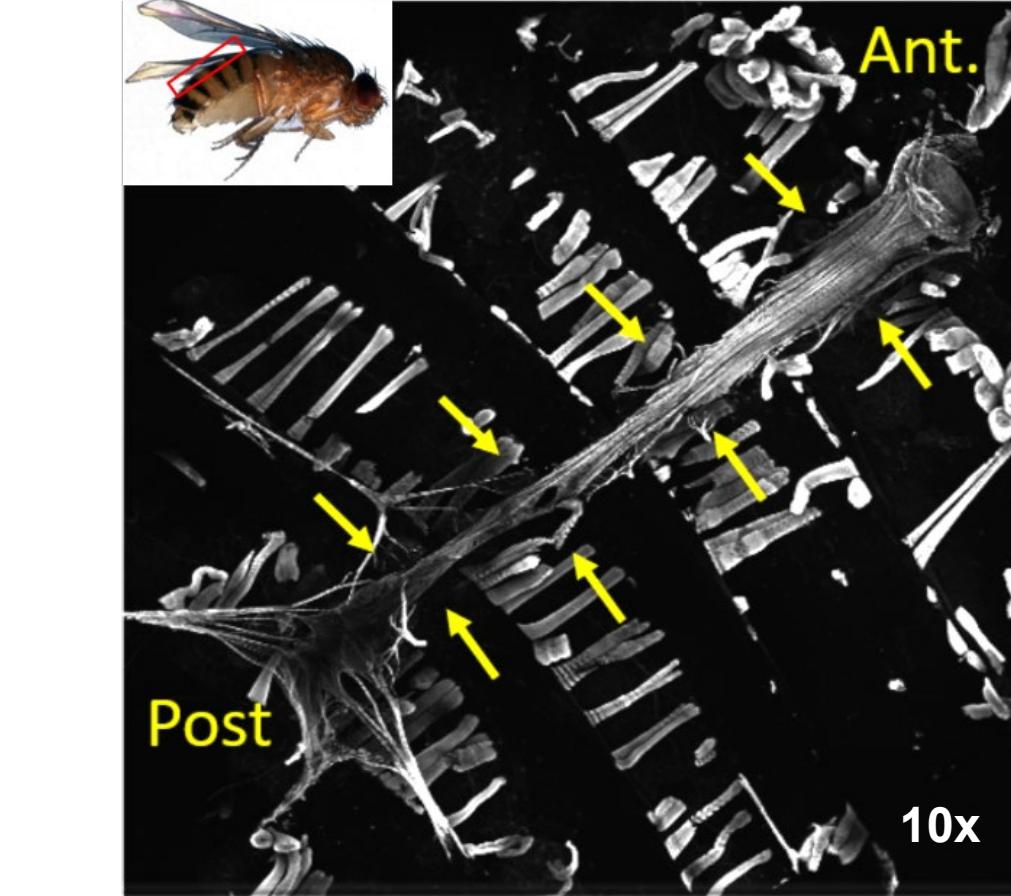
## STORE OPERATED $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ ENTRY

- SOCE is activated in response to E/SR store depletion inducing  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  influx across the plasma membrane
  - STIM -  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  sensor in ER lumen
  - Orai -  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  channel on plasma membrane
- Individuals with gain-of-function mutations in *Stim* & *Orai* do not exhibit cardiac phenotypes
- Goal: to better understand how upregulated SOCE alters cardiomyocyte physiology



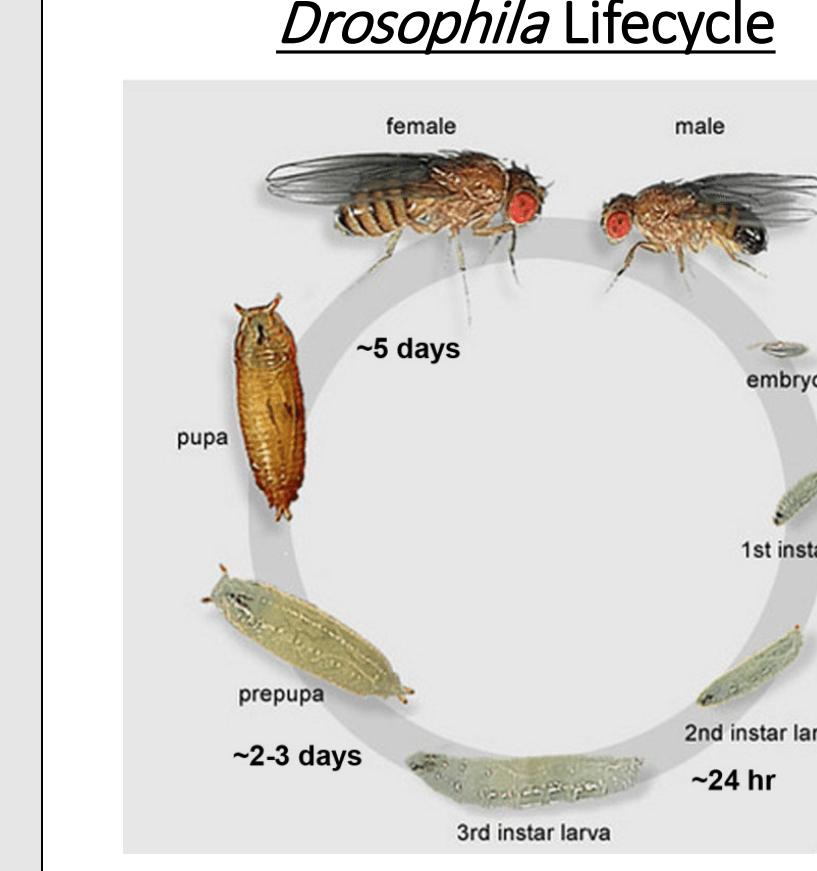
## THE DROSOPHILA HEART

- Highly conserved developmental genetics and cardiac physiology
- Single *dStim* and *dOrai* isoforms
- Live *in vivo* imaging of the intact heart function
- In vivo* transgene expression facilitates inducible, tissue-specific suppression



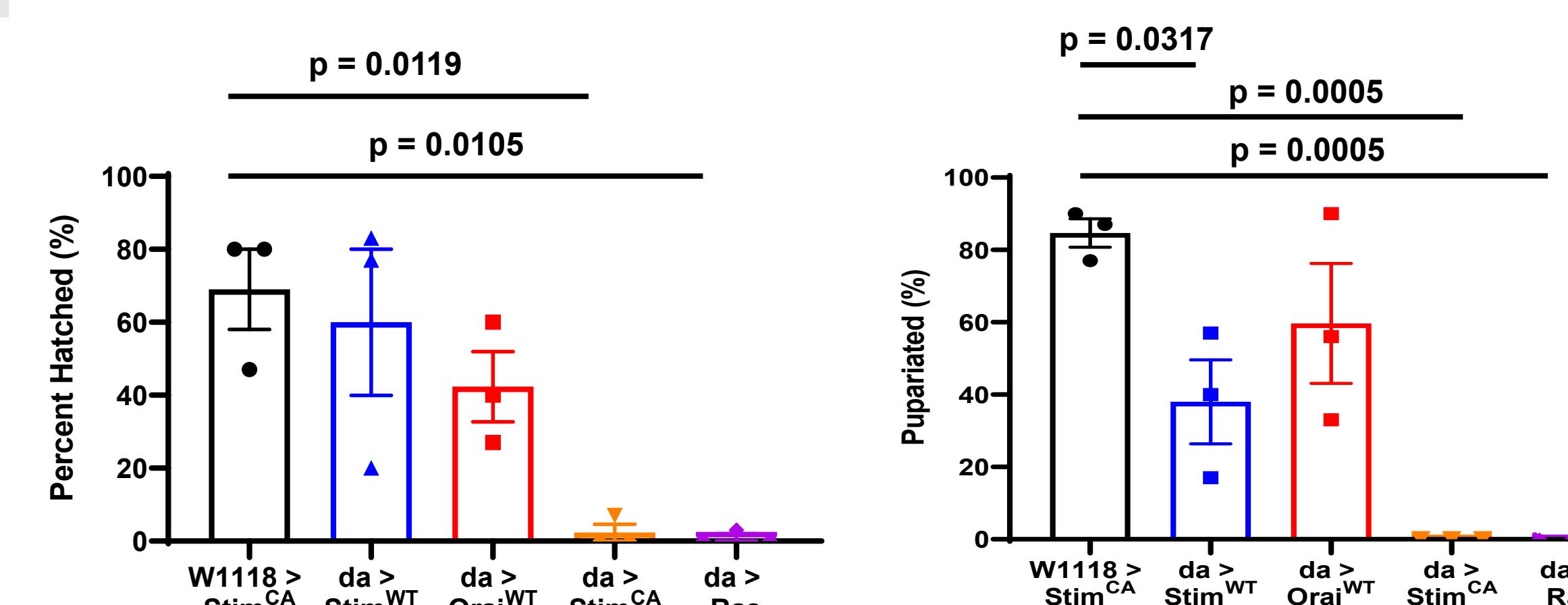
## RESULTS

### *Drosophila* Lifecycle

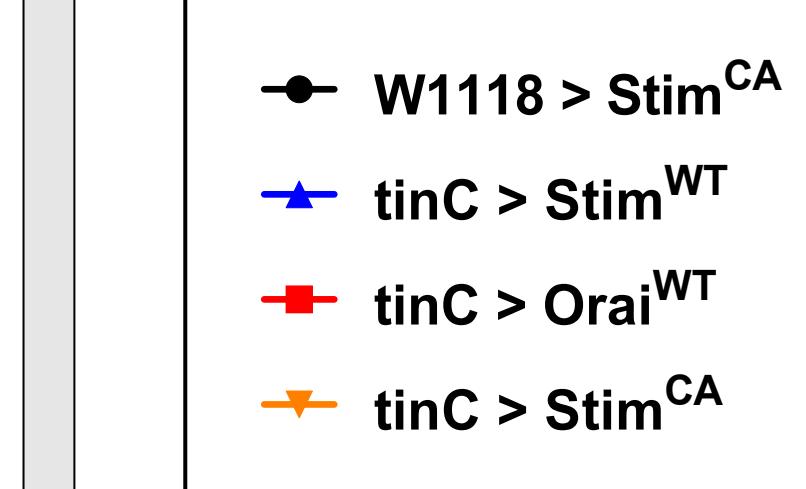


### 1) Ubiquitous expression of *Stim*<sup>CA</sup> induced embryonic lethality

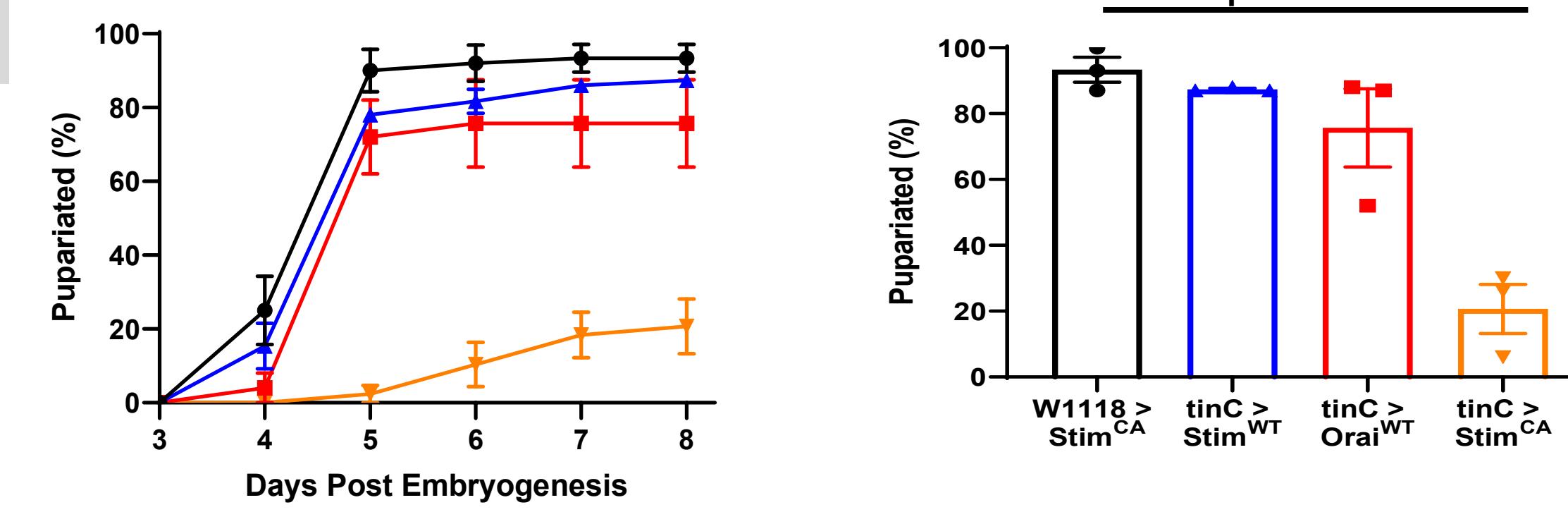
- Stim*<sup>CA</sup> – constitutively active mutant w/ two aspartate to alanine changes in the  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  binding EF-hand domain
- Ubiquitous *Stim*<sup>CA</sup> & *Ras85D*<sup>V12</sup> induced embryonic lethality
    - Ras85D*<sup>V12</sup> (constitutively active Ras) serves a positive control for cardiac hypertrophy
  - Ubiquitous *Stim*<sup>WT</sup> reduced pupariation by ~47%
  - No effect on eclosion



### 2) Heart specific expression of *Stim*<sup>CA</sup> reduced pupariation & eclosion

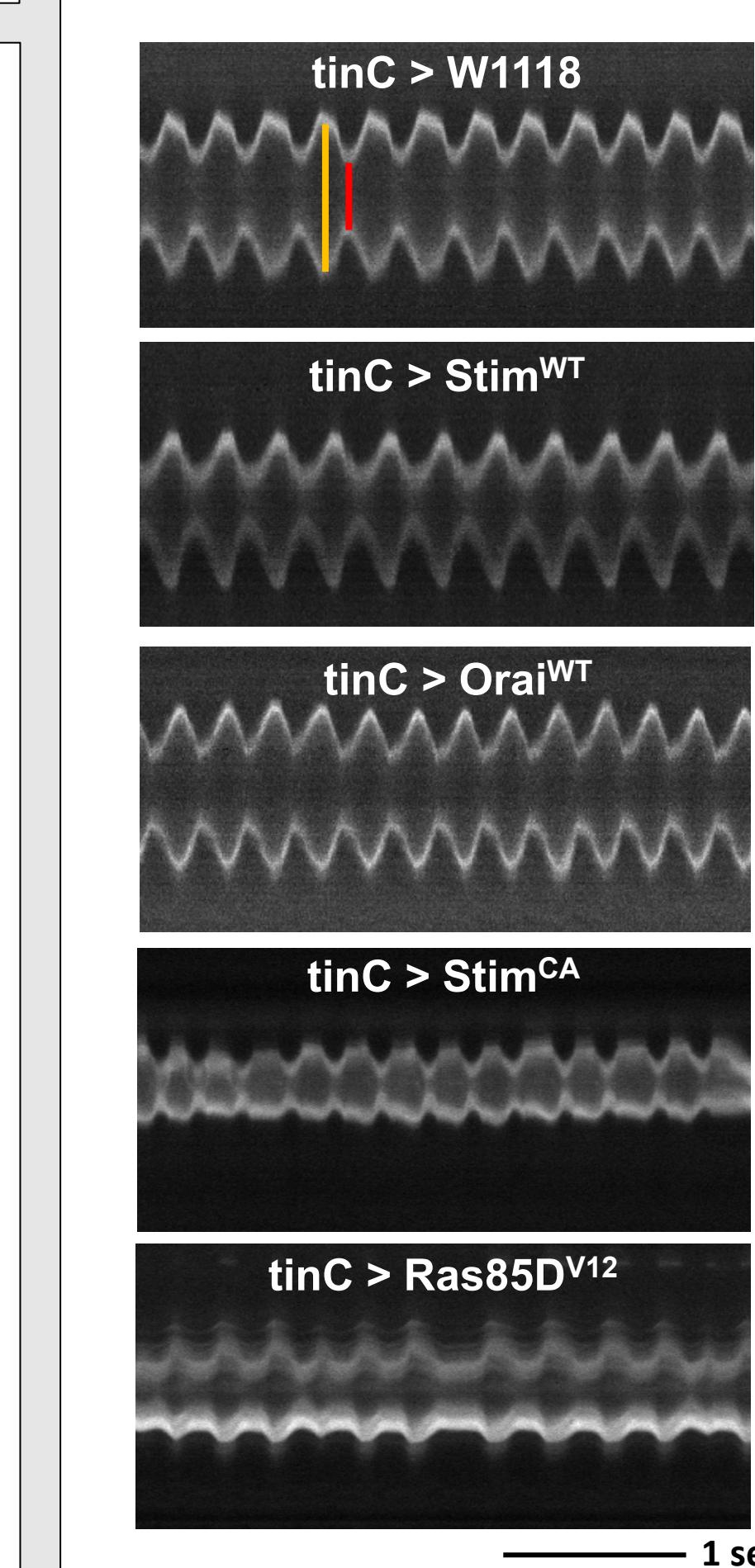
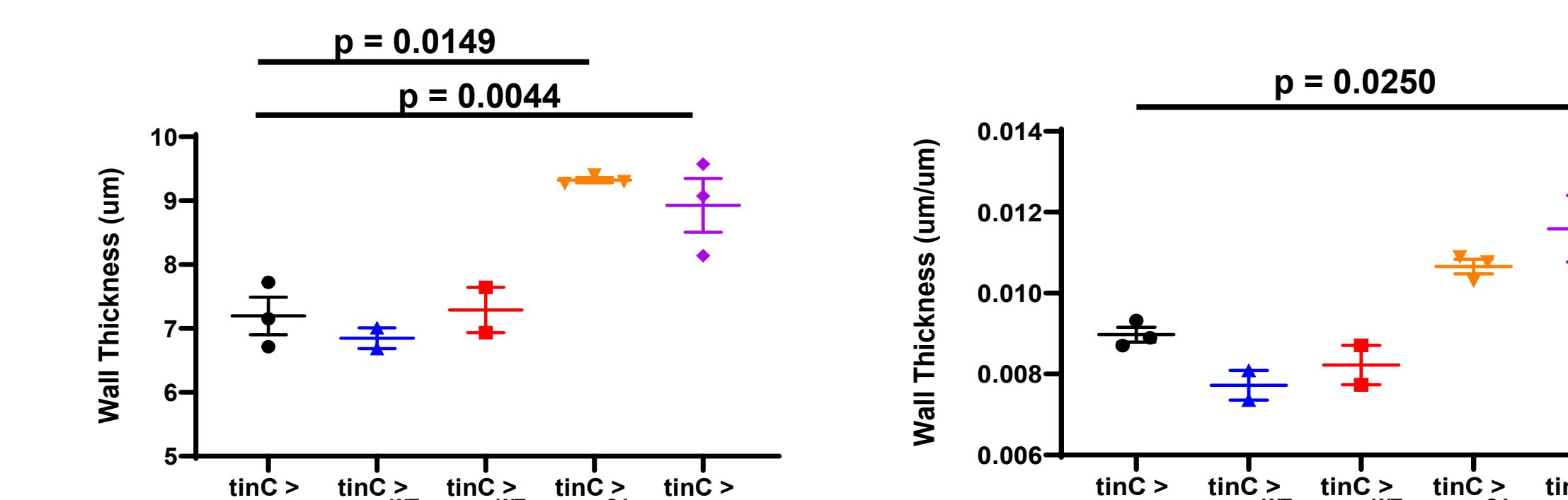
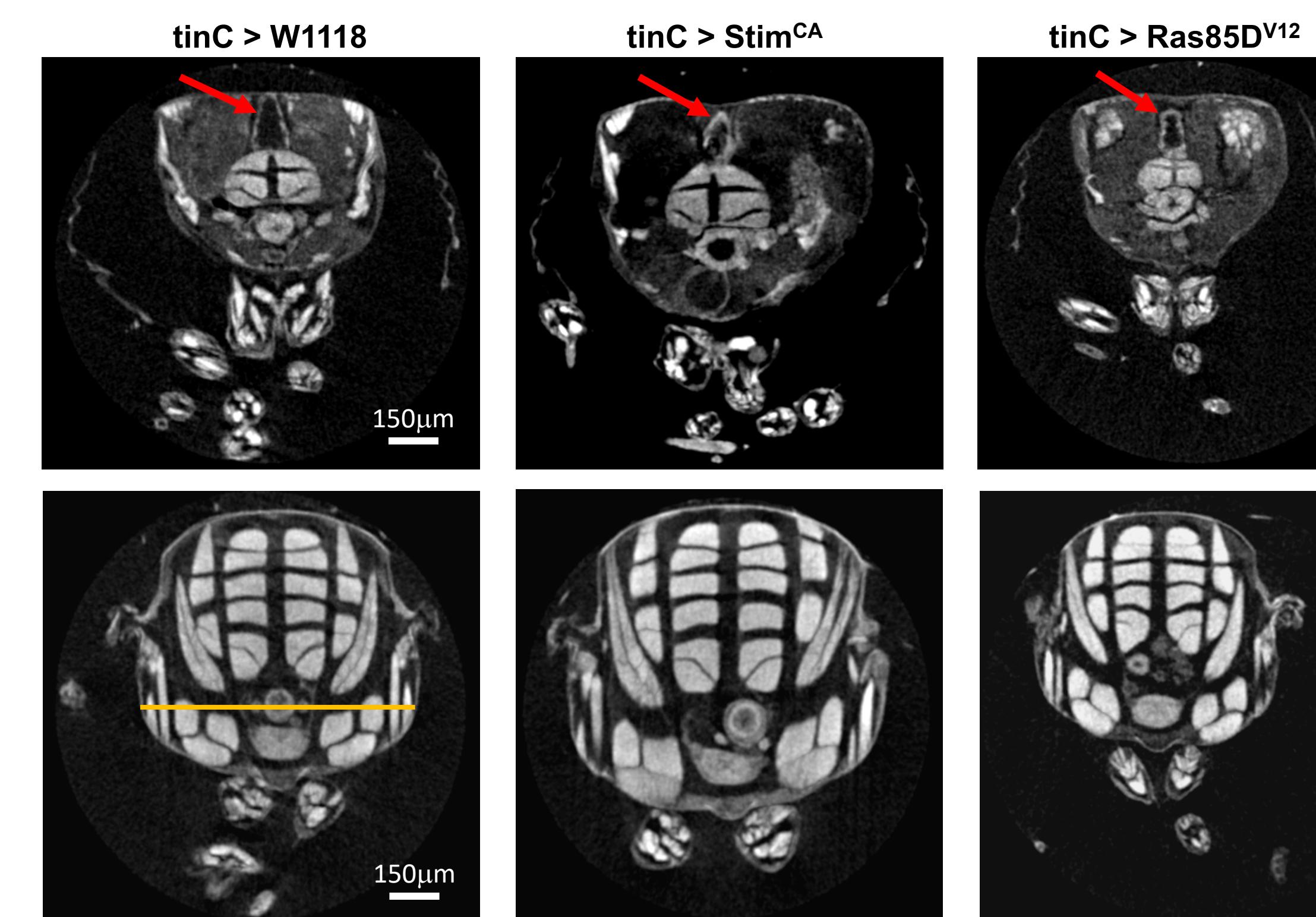


- Heart specific *Stim*<sup>CA</sup> reduces
  - pupariation by ~73%
  - eclosion by ~79%
- Heart specific expression of *Stim*<sup>WT</sup> & *Orai*<sup>WT</sup> had no significant effects on animal development



### 3) Heart specific expression of *Stim*<sup>CA</sup> caused cardiac hypertrophy

- MicroCT – micro-computed tomography
  - imaging technique using X-rays to create 3D reconstructions



### Conclusions:

- Overexpression of *Stim* or *Orai* alone does not induce cardiac hypertrophy
- Upregulated SOCE activity pathologically impairs cardiac function
- Upregulated SOCE induces cardiac hypertrophy & hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

### Future Directions

- Identify the mechanism by which SOCE  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  alters cardiac function
- Determine how  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  store refilling by SOCE regulates cardiomyocyte function
- Determine which genetic interactors mediate SOCE signaling in cardiac physiology