739A: Zebrafish Genome Resources at NCBI

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Abstract



Genomic research on model organisms such as zebrafish (Danio rerio) relies on the availability of high-quality annotated reference genomes to facilitate consistent reporting and mapping of genetic data. The Reference Sequence (RefSeq) project (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/refseq/) at the NCBI provides a comprehensive annotation of the zebrafish Tuebingen strain reference genome assembly (GRCz11) maintained by the Genome Reference Consortium (GRC). The zebrafish RefSeq dataset is generated by a combination of computational analysis and manual curation that results in an annotation that focuses on representation of all full-length, non-redundant transcripts.

The primary sources of data used in this annotation pipeline include mRNAs, expressed sequence tags (ESTs), protein data, RNA-seq datasets, and protein homology. Zebrafish is one of a select group of vertebrates that are the major focus of RefSeq's manual curation efforts, which involves the in-depth review of sequence data to define new transcript variants, resolve sequence errors, and remove inaccurate information. We also collaborate with expert groups, including the Zebrafish Information Network (ZFIN) and UniProtKB, to provide appropriate annotation and nomenclature for both genes and proteins.

In addition to zebrafish, NCBI provides stable reference genome annotation for other fish species with high-quality genome assembly data submitted to NCBI's Assembly resource (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/assembly/). To date, 80 fish species have RefSeq annotated genomes, providing a valuable resource for comparative genomic research. We have recently expanded our gene ortholog dataset for fish along with a new visualization tool for comparing homologous gene sets. In this poster presentation we will provide an overview of NCBI's zebrafish genome resources and highlight the utility of these resources to the zebrafish research community. We will also provide practical guidance on how to access RefSeq data and tools for analysis of individual genes as well as whole genome datasets.

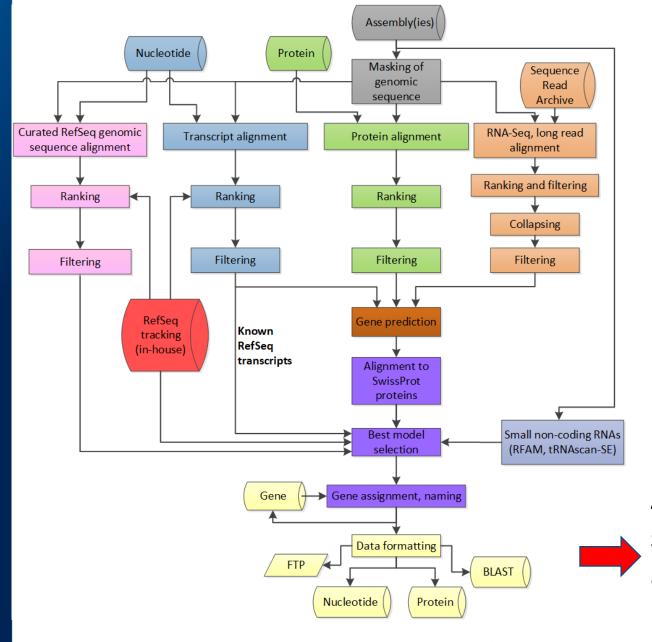
Genomes annotated by NCBI





Eukaryotic Genome Annotation Pipeline

- Automated
- Evidence-based
- RNA-seq
- Long reads
- Proteins





Access Genome sequence and annotation through NCBI Datasets





Introducing NCBI Datasets

A new way to access genome sequence and annotation at NCBI

Welcome to NCBI Datasets

command line tool and RESTful APIs.

NCBI Datasets is an experimental resource for finding and building datasets - and we're just getting started! Our web interface allows you to download genome sequence and annotation for eukaryotic organisms. For access to data for all organisms, including bacteria and viruses, use our

CONTINUE READING



Well-studied species



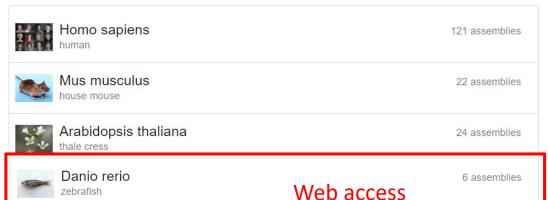






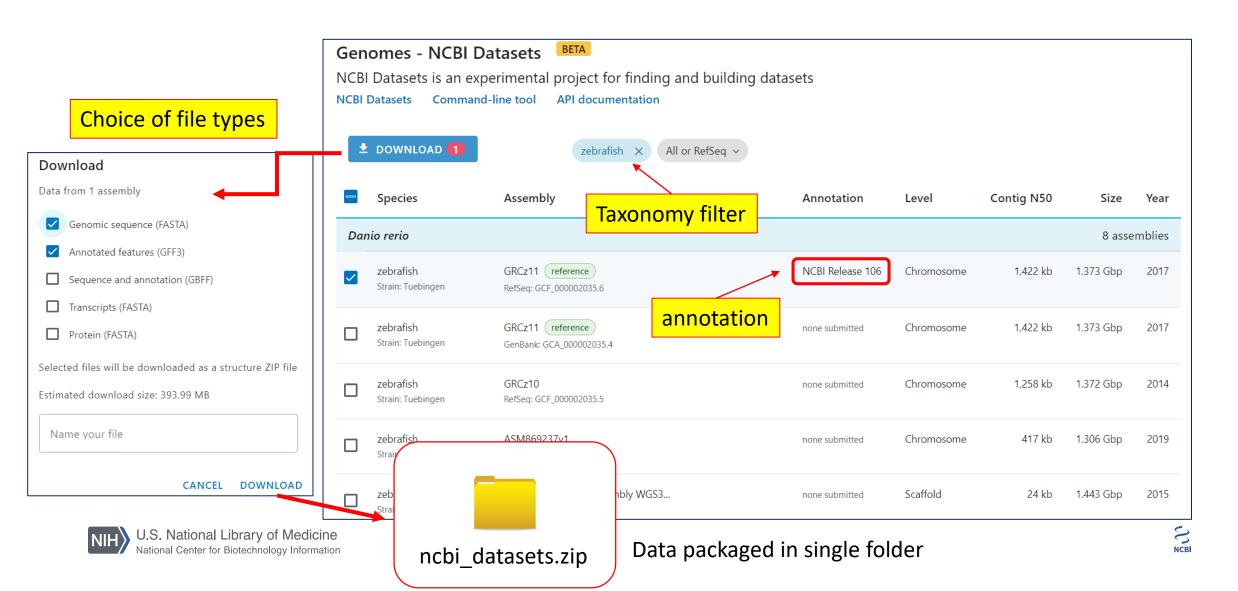
available for Linux, Windows, and Mac.

DOCUMENTATION

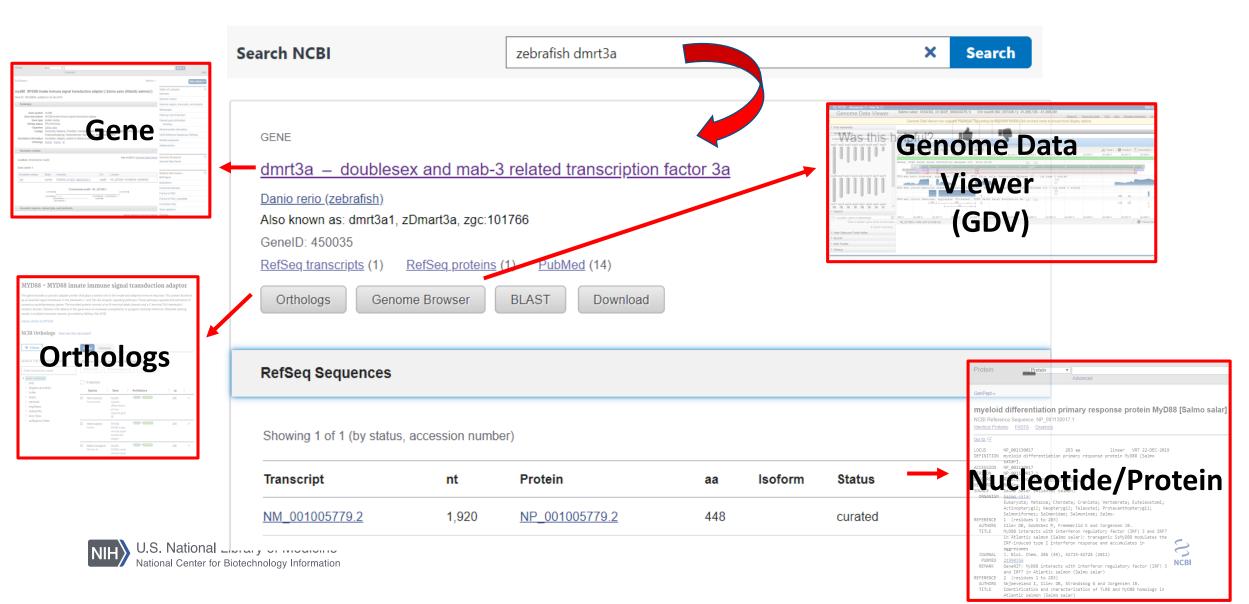




Easy download of genome sequence and annotation

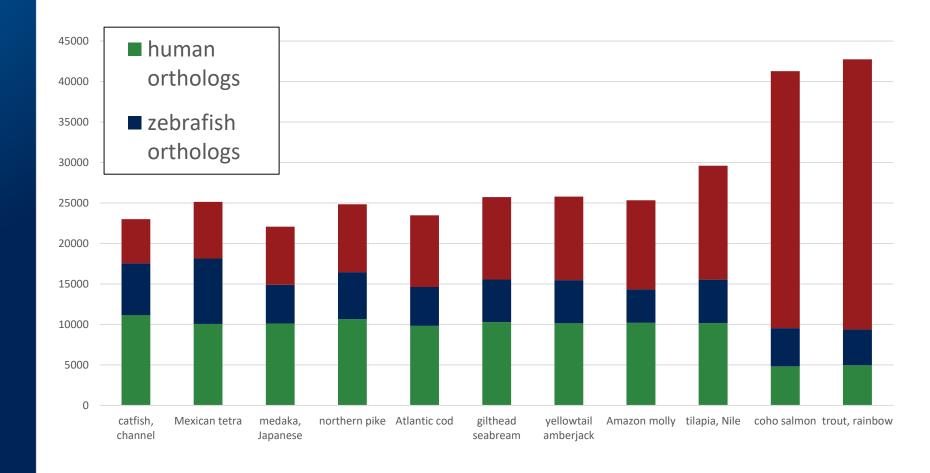


Finding genes



New! Fish ortholog sets

- 1:1 orthologs vs zebrafish
- Report human gene if identified
- Improve nomenclature through ortholog connections





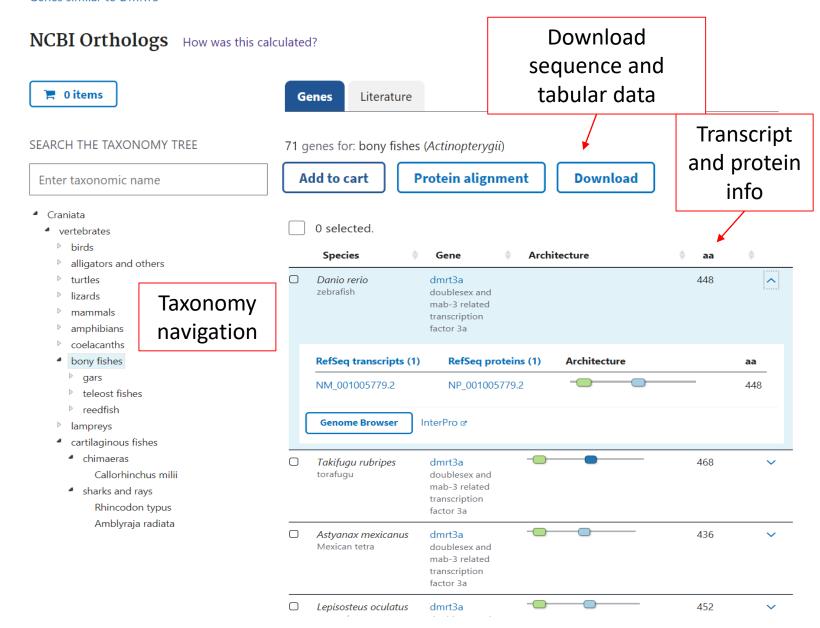


NCBI Orthologs

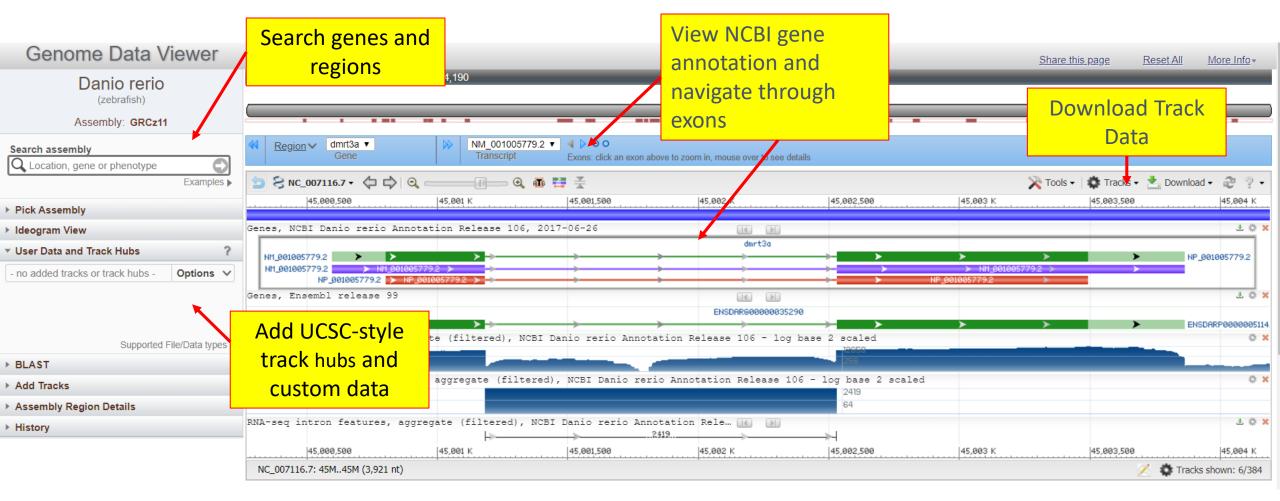
www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/5852 4/ortholog/?scope=7898

DMRT3 - doublesex and mab-3 related transcription factor 3

Genes similar to DMRT3



Genome Data Viewer (GDV)





Acknowledgements

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https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/RefSeq/update.cgi

Watch NCBI News for updates!

https://ncbiinsights.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/

https://www.youtube.com/user/NCBINLM